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Level - 1 : All Level-1 successful* participants will get certificate, aptitude report and online subscription, and school toppers will be eligible for school hero medals.

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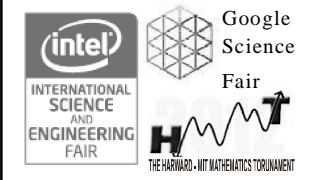
- You are allowed additional 10 minutes to fill the required details in the **RESPONSE SHEET (OMR)**. **STUDENTS OF CLASS 1 & 2 HAVE TO UNDERLINE** THE CORRECT ANSWER IN THE QUESTION PAPER ITSELF. THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO USE THE RESPONSE SHEET (OMR). THEY HAVE TO FILL THEIR NAME, ROLL NUMBER, CLASS, SCHOOL NAME IN THE SPACE PROVIDED IN THE QUESTION PAPER.
- The question paper is made as per syllabus guidelines & pattern given in the information Booklet. The Question Paper for Classes 1 to 6 contains 25 Questions each to be answered in 40 minutes. The Question paper for classes 7 to 12 contains 50 Questions each to be answered in 60 minutes. All questions are compulsory. Further instructions are given in the instruction letter to the teacher.
- Use the response sheet to mark your responses by darkening the required circle. The response sheet has to be returned to the foundation, duly filled in. **THE STUDENT CAN RETAIN THE QUESTION PAPER EXCEPT FOR CLASSES 1 AND 2.**

E H F
INTERNATIONAL
ENGLISH
OLYMPIAD

I E O

11
Class **B1**
Paper Code

L E V E L - 1



ENGLISH

Choose the correct word which can fill the blanks and answer the question nos.(1 to 3)

Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ____ (1) ____ produced at whatever prices they chose. But ____ (2) ____ increasing competition, customers began to ____ (3) ____ and choose.

- (1) In (2) They
(3) We (4) None of these
- (1) From (2) By
(3) With (4) None of these
- (1) Buy (2) Pick
(3) Want (4) None of these

Some proverbs/idioms are given together with their meanings. Choose the correct meaning of the proverb/idiom and answer the question nos.(4 to 7)

- To smell a rat
(1) To see signs of plague epidemic
(2) To get bad smell of a dead rat
(3) To suspect foul dealings
(4) None of these
- A man of straw
(1) A man of no substance (2) A very active person
(3) An unreasonable person (4) None of these
- To leave someone in the lurch
(1) To come to compromise with someone
(2) Constant source of annoyance to someone
(3) To desert someone in his difficulties
(4) None of these

7. To pick holes
- (1) To find some reason to quarrel
 - (2) To destroy something
 - (3) To criticize someone
 - (4) None of these

Substitute the correct one word for the given sentences and answer the question nos.(8 to 11)

8. Code of diplomatic etiquette and precedence
- (1) Statesmanship
 - (2) Hierarchy
 - (3) Protocol
 - (4) None of these
9. A light sailing boat built specially for racing
- (1) Canoe
 - (2) Yacht
 - (3) Dinghy
 - (4) None of these
10. One who does not marry, especially as a religious obligation
- (1) Bachelor
 - (2) Celibate
 - (3) Virgin
 - (4) None of these
11. A school boy who cuts classes frequently is a
- (1) Sycophant
 - (2) Truant
 - (3) Martinet
 - (4) None of these

Find out the correct word which can complete the given sentences correctly and meaningfully and answer the question nos.(12 to 14).

12. The assumption that chlorofluorocarbons would be _____ in the environment because they were chemically inert, was challenged by the demonstration of a potential threat to the ozone layer.
- (1) Deleterious
 - (2) Innocuous
 - (3) Persistent
 - (4) None of these
13. He always stammers in public meetings, but his today's speech _____.
- (1) Was fairly audible to everyone present in the hall.
 - (2) Was not received satisfactorily.
 - (3) Was free from that defect.
 - (4) None of these
14. The employer appeared to be in such an affable mood that Rohit _____.
- (1) Decided to ask for a hike in his salary
 - (2) Was scared to talk to him about his leave
 - (3) Felt very guilty for his inadvertent slip
 - (4) None of these

In the questions given below, each passage consists of six sentences. The first and sixth sentence are given in the beginning. The middle four sentences in each have been removed and jumbled up. These are labelled as P, Q, R and S. Find out the proper order for the four sentences and answer the question nos.(15 and 16)

15. S1: This weather-vane often tops a church spire, tower or high building.
- P : They are only wind-vanes.
- Q: Neither alone can tell us what the weather will be.
- R : They are designed to point to the direction from which the wind is coming.
- S : Just as the barometer only tells us the pressure of air, the weather-vane tells us the direction of wind.
- S6: The weather-vane can, however give us some indication of weather.
- The proper sequence should be:
- (1) PQRS
 - (2) PSRQ
 - (3) SPQR
 - (4) None of these
16. S1: Politeness is not a quality possessed by only one nation or race.
- P : One may observe that a man of one nation will remove his hat or fold his hands by way of greetings when he meets someone he knows.
- Q : A man of another country will not do so.
- R : It is a quality to be found among all peoples and nations in every corner of the earth.
- S : Obviously, each person follows the custom of his particular country.
- S6 : In any case, we should not mock at others habits.
- The proper sequence should be:
- (1) RPQS
 - (2) RPSQ
 - (3) PRQS
 - (4) None of these
- Read the given sentences to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any will be in one part of the sentence. The letter of that part will be the answer and answer the question nos.(17 to 19)
17. P. At the moment the house/Q. was burgled/ R. the family attended a night party in the neighbourhood./S. No error
- (1) P
 - (2) Q
 - (3) R
 - (4) None of these
18. P. The person which was/Q. recommended for the position/ R. did not fulfill the prescribed qualifications. /S. No error
- (1) P
 - (2) Q
 - (3) R
 - (4) None of these
19. P. A large scale exchange of nuclear weapons/Q. will produce unprecedented amounts of radiation/R. that can penetrate into the biological tissue. /S. No error
- (1) P
 - (2) Q
 - (3) R
 - (4) None of these

In the questions given below, a part of the sentence is italicized. Below are given alternatives to the italicized part which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative and answer the question nos.(20 to 23)

20. Taxpayers *are to* be conscious of their privileges.
(1) Have to (2) Need
(3) Ought to (4) None of these
21. To get one's name in the Rowland Ward's book of hunting records was the *hot* ambition of every serious hunter.
(1) Extreme (2) Burning
(3) High (4) None of these
22. Either *he* or *I am going*.
(1) He or I are going (2) He is going or I am
(3) I or he is going (4) None of these
23. He should move on to the next point, and not harp one *string only*.
(1) Harp on string only
(2) Harp only one string
(3) Harp upon one string only
(4) None of these

Choose the correct form of the gerund and answer the question nos.(24 and 25)

24. It helps you _____(forget).
(1) Forget (2) To forget
(3) Both (1) and (2) (4) None of these
25. Kate: I don't understand _____(do) such stupid things. I'd hate _____(find) my house empty one day.
(1) Doing & to find (2) Do & finding
(3) Done & to find (4) None of these

Change the given speech into indirect/direct speech and answer the question nos.(26 and 29)

26. "Did he marry Susan?" she said.
(1) She wondered if he had married Susan.
(2) She wondered whether he had married Susan.
(3) Both (1) & (2)
(4) None of these
27. Julie: "He moved a year ago."
(1) Julie said he has moved a year before.
(2) Julie said he had moved a year ago.
(3) Julie said he had moved a year before.
(4) None of these
28. "I can lend you my car," he said.
(1) He said he will lend me his car.
(2) He said he could lend me his car.
(3) He said he can lend me his car.
(4) None of these

29. Margo: "I wish they were in Greece."
(1) Margo said she wished they were in Greece.
(2) Margo says she wishes they were in Greece.
(3) Margo said so that she wished they were in Greece.
(4) None of these

Choose the correct meaning of the given Idioms and answer the question nos.(30 to 32)

30. To make clean breast of
(1) To gain prominence
(2) To praise oneself
(3) To confess without reserve
(4) None of these
31. To catch a tartar
(1) To trap wanted criminal with great difficulty
(2) To catch a dangerous person
(3) To meet with disaster
(4) None of these
32. To have an axe to grind
(1) A private end to serve
(2) To fail to arouse interest
(3) To have no result
(4) None of these

Choose the correctly spelt word and answer the question nos.(33 to 36)

33. (1) Aisle (2) Aisel
(3) Aissle (4) None of these
34. (1) Beetwixt (2) Bitwixt
(3) Betwixt (4) None of these
35. (1) Arctik (2) Arktic
(3) Arctic (4) None of these
36. (1) Chauvinist (2) Chovinist
(3) Chuavinist (4) None of these

Find out the word which is nearly opposite in meaning to the words provided and answer the question nos.(37 and 38)

37. Impecunious
(1) Wealthy
(2) Cautious
(3) Hungry
(4) None of these
38. Peaked
(1) Tired (2) Arrogant
(3) Ruddy (4) None of these

Find out the word which is closest in meaning to the words provided and answer the question nos.(39 and 40)

39. Stentorian

- (1) Violent (2) Misbegotten
(3) Loud (4) None of these

40. Louche

- (1) Gauche (2) Fine
(3) Indecent (4) None of these

INTERACTIVE SECTION

Read the given poems and answer the question nos.(41-46)

POEM-I

A dark cloud of intense gloom,
That can't be white with even the list broom,
Brooms our the entire biosphere
And spoils everything that is dear:
It spread with the exhaust of the cars,
The smoke of from the industries is as bad as tar:
chlorofluorocarbons ravage ozone,
And let the UV rays weak havoc.

41. Which cloud is the poet talking about?

- (1) The poet is talking about nature.
(2) The poet is talking about diseases.
(3) The poet is talking about pollution.
(4) None of these

42. How is this cloud produced?

- (1) It is produced by harmful germs.
(2) It is produced by the humans.
(3) It is produced from the exhaust of cars, the smoke form the industries and chlorofluorocarbon.
(4) None of these

POEM-II

The beach is a place I love a lot,
It's my favourite holiday spot.
The calm and cool gentle breeze,
Makes all the trees sway with ease.
Relaxing in their shade during the day,
Is my idea of a fun filled holiday.
So take a book and visit a beach,
All solutions will be written when you reach.

43. Who is 'I' in the above poem? What is his favourite spot?

- (1) The poet and the beach
(2) Breeze and the trees
(3) The poet and the breeze
(4) None of these

44. What is the poet's idea of relaxing?

- (1) The poet's idea of relaxing is reading a book on the beach during the day.
(2) The poet's idea of relaxing is to write the poem about the beach during the day.
(3) The poet's idea of relaxing is to sit in the shade of a tree on the beach during the day.
(4) None of these

45. Find the word from the poem which has the same meaning as 'mild wind'

- (1) Grasp
(2) Breeze
(3) Beach
(4) None of these

46. Find the word from the poem which has the same meaning as 'resolution'.

- (1) Grasp (2) Reach
(3) Solution (4) None of these

On the basis of the relationship between the words given, choose the missing word in the place of '?' and answer the question nos.(47 and 48)

47. Pig : Farrow :: Dog : ?

- (1) Bark (2) Puppy
(3) Bitch (4) None of these

48. Penology : Punishment :: Seismology : ?

- (1) Fires (2) Volcanoes
(3) Earthquakes (4) None of these

Choose the group of words which has the same relation as the words given below and answer the question nos.(49 & 50)

49. Ink : Pen : Paper

- (1) Watch : Dial : strap
(2) Book : Paper : Words
(3) Colour : Brush : Canvas
(4) None of these

50. Mouth : Teeth : Chew

- (1) Eyes : Lashes : See
(2) Head : Brain : Think
(3) Skin : Sweat : Touch
(4) None of these



END OF THE EXAM